

**Methanex Corporation**
**Consolidated Statements of Income** *(unaudited)*
*(thousands of U.S. dollars, except number of common shares and per share amounts)*

	Three Months Ended		Years Ended	
	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
Revenue	\$ 658,678	\$ 976,551	\$ 2,784,494	\$ 3,931,847
Cost of sales and operating expenses	(553,302)	(700,944)	(2,300,917)	(2,856,920)
Depreciation and amortization	(87,934)	(62,030)	(344,127)	(245,303)
Egypt insurance recovery (note 11)	50,000	—	50,000	—
Operating income	67,442	213,577	189,450	829,624
Earnings of associate (note 4)	8,283	17,859	52,218	72,001
Finance costs (note 5)	(35,917)	(23,378)	(124,426)	(94,416)
Finance income and other expenses	(389)	1,712	3,598	4,266
Income before income taxes	39,419	209,770	120,840	811,475
Income tax (expense) recovery:				
Current	(16,273)	(12,874)	(38,809)	(91,027)
Deferred	10,515	(19,580)	34,335	(62,464)
	(5,758)	(32,454)	(4,474)	(153,491)
Net income	\$ 33,661	\$ 177,316	\$ 116,366	\$ 657,984
Attributable to:				
Methanex Corporation shareholders	\$ 8,979	\$ 160,876	\$ 87,767	\$ 568,982
Non-controlling interests	24,682	16,440	28,599	89,002
	\$ 33,661	\$ 177,316	\$ 116,366	\$ 657,984
Income per common share for the period attributable to Methanex Corporation shareholders				
Basic net income per common share	\$ 0.12	\$ 2.07	\$ 1.15	\$ 7.07
Diluted net income per common share (note 7)	\$ 0.12	\$ 1.68	\$ 1.01	\$ 6.92
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (note 7)	76,196,080	77,689,813	76,592,413	80,494,302
Diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding (note 7)	76,200,259	78,010,566	76,692,494	80,889,525

*See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements.*

**Methanex Corporation**
**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (unaudited)**
*(thousands of U.S. dollars)*

	Three Months Ended		Years Ended	
	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 33,661</b>	<b>\$ 177,316</b>	<b>\$ 116,366</b>	<b>\$ 657,984</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>				
<b>Items that may be reclassified to income (loss):</b>				
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges (note 10)	(43,197)	2,864	(120,540)	362
Forward element excluded from hedging relationships (note 10)	(6,617)	(1,585)	30,571	(14,874)
<b>Items that will not be reclassified to income (loss):</b>				
Actuarial loss on defined benefit pension plans	(4,479)	(2,328)	(4,479)	(1,483)
Taxes on above items	13,111	547	22,049	3,980
	<b>(41,182)</b>	<b>(502)</b>	<b>(72,399)</b>	<b>(12,015)</b>
<b>Comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ (7,521)</b>	<b>\$ 176,814</b>	<b>\$ 43,967</b>	<b>\$ 645,969</b>
<b>Attributable to:</b>				
Methanex Corporation shareholders	\$ (32,203)	\$ 160,374	\$ 15,368	\$ 556,967
Non-controlling interests	24,682	16,440	28,599	89,002
	<b>\$ (7,521)</b>	<b>\$ 176,814</b>	<b>\$ 43,967</b>	<b>\$ 645,969</b>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

**Methanex Corporation**  
**Consolidated Statements of Financial Position** *(unaudited)*  
*(thousands of U.S. dollars)*

AS AT	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current assets:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 416,763	\$ 256,077
Trade and other receivables	488,721	514,568
Inventories (note 2)	281,052	387,959
Prepaid expenses	37,805	32,541
Other assets	8,180	60,931
	<b>1,232,521</b>	<b>1,252,076</b>
<b>Non-current assets:</b>		
Property, plant and equipment (note 3)	3,576,195	3,025,095
Investment in associate (note 4)	193,474	197,821
Deferred income tax assets	111,614	59,532
Other assets	82,811	74,475
	<b>3,964,094</b>	<b>3,356,923</b>
	<b>\$ 5,196,615</b>	<b>\$ 4,608,999</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>		
<b>Current liabilities:</b>		
Trade, other payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 493,754	\$ 617,414
Current maturities on long-term debt (note 6)	38,420	383,793
Current maturities on lease liabilities	89,820	12,347
Current maturities on other long-term liabilities	26,252	33,799
	<b>648,246</b>	<b>1,047,353</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities:</b>		
Long-term debt (note 6)	1,730,433	1,074,493
Lease liabilities	628,685	187,413
Other long-term liabilities	286,071	210,685
Deferred income tax liabilities	272,820	281,214
	<b>2,918,009</b>	<b>1,753,805</b>
<b>Equity:</b>		
Capital stock	440,472	446,544
Contributed surplus	1,783	1,597
Retained earnings	1,039,819	1,145,476
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(150,389)	(82,404)
Shareholders' equity	<b>1,331,685</b>	<b>1,511,213</b>
Non-controlling interests	298,675	296,628
Total equity	<b>1,630,360</b>	<b>1,807,841</b>
	<b>\$ 5,196,615</b>	<b>\$ 4,608,999</b>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

**Methanex Corporation**
**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (unaudited)**
*(thousands of U.S. dollars, except number of common shares)*

	Number of Common Shares	Capital Stock	Contributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Shareholders Equity	Non- Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2017	83,770,254	\$480,331	\$2,124	\$1,088,150	\$(69,841)	1,500,764	\$244,347	\$1,745,111
Net income	—	—	—	568,982	—	568,982	89,002	657,984
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	548	(12,563)	(12,015)	—	(12,015)
Compensation expense recorded for stock options	—	—	362	—	—	362	—	362
Issue of shares on exercise of stock options	83,114	3,210	—	—	—	3,210	—	3,210
Reclassification of grant date fair value on exercise of stock options	—	889	(889)	—	—	—	—	—
Payments for repurchase of shares	(6,590,095)	(37,886)	—	(406,528)	—	(444,414)	—	(444,414)
Dividend payments to Methanex Corporation shareholders	—	—	—	(105,676)	—	(105,676)	—	(105,676)
Distributions made and accrued to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	(36,721)	(36,721)
Balance, December 31, 2018	77,263,273	\$446,544	\$1,597	\$1,145,476	\$(82,404)	\$1,511,213	\$296,628	\$1,807,841
Net income	—	—	—	87,767	—	87,767	28,599	116,366
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(4,414)	(67,985)	(72,399)	—	(72,399)
Compensation expense recorded for stock options	—	—	212	—	—	212	—	212
Issue of shares on exercise of stock options	2,700	86	—	—	—	86	—	86
Reclassification of grant date fair value on exercise of stock options	—	26	(26)	—	—	—	—	—
Payment for shares repurchased	(1,069,893)	(6,184)	—	(46,621)	—	(52,805)	—	(52,805)
Dividend payments to Methanex Corporation shareholders	—	—	—	(107,876)	—	(107,876)	—	(107,876)
Distributions made and accrued to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	(20,978)	(20,978)
Acquisition of non-controlling interest	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,219)	(2,219)
Impact of adoption of IFRS 16	—	—	—	(34,513)	—	(34,513)	(3,355)	(37,868)
Balance, December 31, 2019	76,196,080	\$440,472	\$1,783	\$1,039,819	\$(150,389)	\$1,331,685	\$298,675	\$1,630,360

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

**Methanex Corporation**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows** *(unaudited)*  
*(thousands of U.S. dollars)*

	Three Months Ended		Years Ended	
	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM / (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Net income	\$ 33,661	\$ 177,316	\$ 116,366	\$ 657,984
Deduct earnings of associate	(8,283)	(17,859)	(52,218)	(72,001)
Dividends received from associate	—	—	56,159	63,102
Add (deduct) non-cash items:				
Depreciation and amortization	87,934	62,030	344,127	245,303
Income tax expense	5,758	32,454	4,474	153,491
Share-based compensation expense (recovery)	2,598	(86,082)	(3,950)	(6,289)
Finance costs	35,917	23,378	124,426	94,416
Other	(955)	4,528	(901)	3,681
Income taxes refunded (paid)	65	(32,753)	(43,909)	(106,035)
Other cash payments, including share-based compensation	(2,321)	(10,791)	(38,569)	(59,444)
Cash flows from operating activities before undernoted	154,374	152,221	506,005	974,208
Changes in non-cash working capital (note 9)	(40,232)	65,581	9,426	5,998
	114,142	217,802	515,431	980,206
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM / (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Payments for repurchase of shares	—	(78,714)	(52,805)	(444,414)
Dividend payments to Methanex Corporation shareholders	(27,431)	(25,497)	(107,876)	(105,676)
Interest paid	(37,763)	(29,359)	(115,283)	(90,008)
Net proceeds on issue of long-term debt (note 6)	—	—	695,533	—
Repayment of long-term debt and financing fees	(354,939)	(1,532)	(388,216)	(213,622)
Repayment of lease obligation	(28,107)	(2,061)	(101,812)	(8,293)
Restricted cash for debt service accounts	(1,419)	9,832	(10,067)	3,804
Distributions to non-controlling interests	—	(30,350)	(23,613)	(104,258)
Proceeds on issue of shares on exercise of stock options	—	257	86	3,210
Proceeds from other limited recourse debt	—	—	—	166,000
Restricted cash for distribution to non-controlling interests	—	7,000	—	—
Changes in non-cash working capital related to financing activities (note 9)	—	(4,000)	—	—
	(449,659)	(154,424)	(104,053)	(793,257)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM / (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	(28,931)	(67,543)	(208,467)	(190,561)
Geismar plant under construction	(69,969)	(4,086)	(115,393)	(53,915)
Restricted cash for capital projects	(393)	2,135	61,657	(60,931)
Changes in non-cash working capital related to investing activities (note 9)	(5,852)	1,506	11,511	(944)
	(105,145)	(67,988)	(250,692)	(306,351)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(440,662)	(4,610)	160,686	(119,402)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	857,425	260,687	256,077	375,479
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 416,763	\$ 256,077	\$ 416,763	\$ 256,077

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

## **Methanex Corporation**

### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements** *(unaudited)*

*Except where otherwise noted, tabular dollar amounts are stated in thousands of U.S. dollars.*

#### **1. Basis of presentation:**

Methanex Corporation ("the Company") is an incorporated entity with corporate offices in Vancouver, Canada. The Company's operations consist of the production and sale of methanol, a commodity chemical. The Company is the world's largest producer and supplier of methanol to the major international markets of Asia Pacific, North America, Europe and South America.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with *International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") on a basis consistent with those followed in the most recent annual consolidated financial statements except for the adoption of IFRS 16 as described in our condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and were approved and authorized for issue by the Audit, Finance & Risk Committee of the Board of Directors on January 29, 2020.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### **Adoption of IFRS 16 "Leases"**

The Company adopted IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16" or "the standard") as issued by the IASB in 2016, which eliminates the current operating/finance lease dual accounting model for lessees and replaces it with a single, on-balance sheet accounting model, similar to the previous finance lease accounting. The standard replaces IAS 17, Leases ("IAS 17") and related interpretations and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

The Company transitioned to IFRS 16 in accordance with the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings at January 1, 2019. The modified retrospective approach does not require restatement of comparative periods. As part of the initial application of IFRS 16, the Company has elected to use hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company recognized \$411 million of lease assets and \$453 million of lease liabilities, with the difference of \$42 million (\$38 million net of tax), recorded as an adjustment in equity. When measuring operating lease commitments, the Company discounted lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019. The weighted-average rate applied is 4.4%. The following reconciliation to the opening balance for lease liabilities as at January 1, 2019 is based upon the operating lease commitments as at December 31, 2018:

	Jan 1 2019
Operating lease commitments at December 31, 2018	\$ 427,289
Discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019	4.4%
<b>Finance lease liabilities recognized as at December 31, 2018</b>	<b>\$ 358,440</b>
Recognition exemption for:	
Short-term leases	(777)
Leases of low-value assets	(8)
Extension and termination options reasonably certain to be exercised	75,753
Scope changes due to IFRS 16	18,880
Other	594
<b>Lease liabilities at January 1, 2019</b>	<b>\$ 452,882</b>

The Company has updated its accounting policy for leasing to reflect the adoption of IFRS 16 as detailed below.

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset - this may be specified explicitly or implicitly and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;
- the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Company has the right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used.

For contracts that contain a lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is assessed for impairment losses, should a trigger be identified and adjusted for impairment if required.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

### Short-term leases and lease of low-value assets

The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets, except for terminal and vessel leases. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### Critical accounting estimates and judgments

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. The assessment is reviewed upon a trigger by a significant event or a significant change in circumstances.

Certain leases contain non-lease components, excluded from the right-of-use asset and lease liability, related to operating charges for ocean vessels and terminal facilities. Judgment is applied in determination of the stand-alone price of the lease and non-lease components.

## 2. Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost, determined on a first-in first-out basis, and estimated net realizable value. The amount of inventories recognized as an expense in cost of sales and operating expenses and depreciation and amortization for the three months and year ended December 31, 2019 is \$561 million (2018 - \$736 million) and \$2,243 million (2018 - \$2,758 million), respectively.

## 3. Property, plant and equipment:

	Owned Assets (a)	Right-of-use assets (b)	Total
Net book value at December 31, 2019	\$ 2,940,777	\$ 635,418	\$ 3,576,195
Net book value at December 31, 2018	\$ 2,857,266	\$ 167,829	\$ 3,025,095

### a) Owned assets:

	Buildings, Plant Installations & Machinery	Plants Under Construction	Ocean Going Vessels	Other	Total
Cost at December 31, 2019	\$ 4,787,515	\$ 155,871	\$ 201,947	\$ 154,468	\$ 5,299,801
Accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2019	2,215,060	—	25,448	118,516	2,359,024
Net book value at December 31, 2019	\$ 2,572,455	\$ 155,871	\$ 176,499	\$ 35,952	\$ 2,940,777
Cost at December 31, 2018	\$ 4,698,142	\$ —	\$ 183,419	\$ 189,058	\$ 5,070,619
Accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2018	2,047,735	—	48,426	117,192	2,213,353
Net book value at December 31, 2018	\$ 2,650,407	\$ —	\$ 134,993	\$ 71,866	\$ 2,857,266

In the third quarter, the Company reached a final investment decision to construct a 1.8 million tonne methanol plant in Geismar, Louisiana adjacent to its Geismar 1 and Geismar 2 facilities. The cost of the project is expected to be between \$1.3 to \$1.4 billion excluding capitalized interest. Approximately \$152 million, excluding \$4 million of capitalized interest, has been incurred to date and included in Plants Under Construction.



b) Right-of-use (leased) assets:

	Ocean Going Vessels	Terminals and Tanks	Plant Installations and Machinery	Other	Total
Cost at December 31, 2019	\$ 514,661	\$ 221,303	\$ 23,613	\$ 38,520	\$ 798,097
Accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2019	89,643	59,240	7,867	5,929	162,679
Net book value at December 31, 2019	\$ 425,018	\$ 162,063	\$ 15,746	\$ 32,591	\$ 635,418
Cost at December 31, 2018	\$ 87,800	\$ 113,978	\$ 16,032	\$ —	\$ 217,810
Accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2018	15,204	29,333	5,444	—	49,981
Net book value at December 31, 2018	\$ 72,596	\$ 84,645	\$ 10,588	\$ —	\$ 167,829
Cost at January 1, 2019	\$ 370,654	\$ 207,721	\$ 19,705	\$ 30,399	\$ 628,479
Accumulated depreciation at January 1, 2019	15,204	29,333	5,344	—	49,881
Net book value at January 1, 2019	\$ 355,450	\$ 178,388	\$ 14,361	\$ 30,399	\$ 578,598

4. Interest in Atlas joint venture:

- a) The Company has a 63.1% equity interest in Atlas Methanol Company Unlimited ("Atlas"). Atlas owns a 1.8 million tonne per year methanol production facility in Trinidad. The Company accounts for its interest in Atlas using the equity method. Summarized financial information of Atlas (100% basis) is as follows:

Statements of financial position	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,149	\$ 9,367
Other current assets	60,709	104,742
Non-current assets	241,860	255,822
Current liabilities	(28,191)	(32,022)
Other long-term liabilities, including current maturities	(138,866)	(145,359)
Net assets at 100%	\$ 185,661	\$ 192,550
Net assets at 63.1%	\$ 117,152	\$ 121,499
Long-term receivable from Atlas	76,322	76,322
Investment in associate	\$ 193,474	\$ 197,821

Statements of income	Three Months Ended		Years Ended	
	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
Revenue	\$ 66,637	\$ 158,556	\$ 359,425	\$ 512,214
Cost of sales and depreciation and amortization	(43,000)	(111,175)	(217,333)	(322,325)
Operating income	23,637	47,381	142,092	189,889
Finance costs, finance income and other expenses	(2,799)	(2,541)	(11,381)	(10,841)
Income tax expense	(7,712)	(16,537)	(47,957)	(64,942)
Net earnings at 100%	\$ 13,126	\$ 28,303	\$ 82,754	\$ 114,106
Earnings of associate at 63.1%	\$ 8,283	\$ 17,859	\$ 52,218	\$ 72,001
Dividends received from associate	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 56,159	\$ 63,102

**b) Contingent liability:**

The Board of Inland Revenue of Trinidad and Tobago has audited and issued assessments against Atlas in respect of the 2005 to 2013 financial years. All subsequent tax years remain open to assessment. The assessments relate to the pricing arrangements of certain long-term fixed-price sales contracts with affiliates that commenced in 2005 and continued through 2019. The long-term fixed-price sales contracts with affiliates were established as part of the formation of Atlas and management believes were reflective of market considerations at that time. Atlas had partial relief from corporation income tax until late July 2014.

During the periods under assessment and continuing through 2014, approximately 50% of Atlas produced methanol was sold under these fixed-price contracts. From late 2014 through 2019 fixed-price sales represent approximately 10% of Atlas produced methanol.

The Company believes it is impractical to disclose a reasonable estimate of the potential contingent liability due to the wide range of assumptions and interpretations implicit in the assessments.

The Company has lodged objections to the assessments. No deposits have been required to lodge objections. Based on the merits of the cases and advice from legal counsel, the Company believes its position should be sustained, that Atlas has filed its tax returns and paid applicable taxes in compliance with Trinidadian tax law, and as such has not accrued for any amounts relating to these assessments. Contingencies inherently involve the exercise of significant judgment, and as such the outcomes of these assessments and the financial impact to the Company could be material.

The Company anticipates the resolution of this matter in the court system to be lengthy and, at this time, cannot predict a date as to when this matter is expected to be resolved.

**5. Finance costs:**

	Three Months Ended		Years Ended	
	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
<b>Finance costs</b>	<b>\$ 36,972</b>	<b>\$ 23,758</b>	<b>\$ 127,282</b>	<b>\$ 95,631</b>
<b>Less capitalized interest related to Geismar plant under construction</b>	<b>(1,055)</b>	<b>(380)</b>	<b>(2,856)</b>	<b>(1,215)</b>
	<b>\$ 35,917</b>	<b>\$ 23,378</b>	<b>\$ 124,426</b>	<b>\$ 94,416</b>

Finance costs are primarily comprised of interest on the unsecured notes, limited recourse debt facilities, finance lease obligations, amortization of deferred financing fees, and accretion expense associated with site restoration costs. Interest during construction projects is capitalized until the plant is substantially completed and ready for productive use.

**6. Long-term debt:**

As at	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
<b>Unsecured notes</b>		
<b>\$350 million at 3.25% due December 15, 2019</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 349,026</b>
<b>\$250 million at 5.25% due March 1, 2022</b>	<b>248,912</b>	<b>248,480</b>
<b>\$300 million at 4.25% due December 1, 2024</b>	<b>297,607</b>	<b>297,232</b>
<b>\$300 million at 5.65% due December 1, 2044</b>	<b>295,321</b>	<b>295,238</b>
<b>\$700 million at 5.25% due December 15, 2029</b>	<b>693,822</b>	<b>—</b>
	<b>1,535,662</b>	<b>1,189,976</b>
<b>Egypt limited recourse debt facilities</b>	<b>75,165</b>	<b>101,226</b>
<b>Other limited recourse debt facilities</b>	<b>158,026</b>	<b>167,084</b>
<b>Total long-term debt <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>1,768,853</b>	<b>1,458,286</b>
<b>Less current maturities <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>(38,420)</b>	<b>(383,793)</b>
	<b>\$ 1,730,433</b>	<b>\$ 1,074,493</b>

<sup>1</sup> Long-term debt and current maturities are presented net of deferred financing fees.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2019, the Company made repayments of \$3.3 million on its other limited recourse debt facilities. Other limited recourse debt facilities relate to financing for certain of our ocean going vessels which we own through less than wholly-owned entities under the Company's control.

During the quarter, the Company repaid \$350 million of unsecured notes originally due December 15, 2019. The Company holds an \$800 million non-revolving construction facility for the Geismar 3 project and renewed and extended its \$300 million committed revolving credit facility, both are undrawn and with a syndicate of highly rated financial institutions and expiry in July 2024.

Significant covenants and default provisions of the two facilities include:

- a) the obligation to maintain an EBITDA to interest coverage ratio of greater than or equal to 2:1 calculated on a four-quarter trailing basis, where for only one quarter during the term of the credit facility the ratio can be as low as, but not less than 1.25:1, and a debt to capitalization ratio of less than or equal to 57.5%, both calculated in accordance with definitions in the credit agreement that include adjustment to limited recourse subsidiaries.
- b) a default if payment is accelerated by a creditor on any indebtedness of \$50 million or more of the Company and its subsidiaries, except for the limited recourse subsidiaries, and
- c) a default if a default occurs that permits a creditor to demand repayment on any other indebtedness of \$50 million or more of the Company and its subsidiaries, except for the limited recourse subsidiaries.

The credit facilities also include other customary covenants including restrictions on the incurrence of additional indebtedness, restrictions against the sale or abandonment of the Geismar 3 project, as well as requirements associated with completion of plant construction and commissioning by no later than July 2023.

The limited recourse debt facilities are described as limited recourse as they are secured only by the assets of the entity that carries the debt. Accordingly, the lenders to the limited recourse debt facilities have no recourse to the Company or its other subsidiaries.

The Egypt limited recourse debt facilities have covenants and default provisions that apply only to the Egypt entity, including restrictions on the incurrence of additional indebtedness and a requirement to fulfill certain conditions before the payment of cash or other shareholder distributions.

Failure to comply with any of the covenants or default provisions of the long-term debt facilities described above could result in a default under the applicable credit agreement that would allow the lenders to not fund future loan requests, accelerate the due date of the principal and accrued interest on any outstanding loans or restrict the payment of cash or other distributions.

As at December 31, 2019, management believes the Company was in compliance with all significant terms and default provisions related to long-term debt obligations.

## 7. Net income per common share:

Diluted net income per common share is calculated by considering the potential dilution that would occur if outstanding stock options and, under certain circumstances, tandem share appreciation rights ("TSARs") were exercised or converted to common shares.

Outstanding TSARs may be settled in cash or common shares at the holder's option and for purposes of calculating diluted net income per common share, the more dilutive of the cash-settled and equity-settled method is used, regardless of how the plan is accounted for. Accordingly, TSARs that are accounted for using the cash-settled method will require adjustments to the numerator and denominator if the equity-settled method is determined to have a dilutive effect on diluted net income per common share as compared to the cash-settled method. The cash-settled method was more dilutive for the three months ended December 31, 2019, and no adjustment was required for both the numerator and the denominator. The equity-settled method was more dilutive for year ended December 31, 2019, and an adjustment was required for both the numerator and the denominator. For the three months and year ended December 31, 2018, the equity-settled method was more dilutive and an adjustment was required for both the numerator and the denominator.

Stock options and, if calculated using the equity-settled method, TSARs are considered dilutive when the average market price of the Company's common shares during the period disclosed exceeds the exercise price of the stock option or TSAR. For the three months and years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, stock options were considered dilutive, resulting in an adjustment to the denominator in both periods.

A reconciliation of the numerator used for the purposes of calculating diluted net income per common share is as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Years Ended	
	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
<b>Numerator for basic net income per common share</b>	<b>\$ 8,979</b>	<b>\$ 160,876</b>	<b>\$ 87,767</b>	<b>\$ 568,982</b>
<b>Adjustment for the effect of TSARs:</b>				
Cash-settled recovery included in net income	—	(29,396)	(5,433)	(4,314)
Equity-settled expense	—	(577)	(4,807)	(4,769)
<b>Numerator for basic and diluted net income per common share</b>	<b>\$ 8,979</b>	<b>\$ 130,903</b>	<b>\$ 77,527</b>	<b>\$ 559,899</b>

A reconciliation of the denominator used for the purposes of calculating diluted net income per common share is as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Years Ended	
	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
<b>Denominator for basic net income per common share</b>	<b>76,196,080</b>	<b>77,689,813</b>	<b>76,592,413</b>	<b>80,494,302</b>
Effect of dilutive stock options	4,179	45,642	17,325	67,631
Effect of dilutive TSARs	—	275,111	82,756	327,592
<b>Denominator for diluted net income per common share</b>	<b>76,200,259</b>	<b>78,010,566</b>	<b>76,692,494</b>	<b>80,889,525</b>

## 8. Share-based compensation:

### a) Share appreciation rights ("SARs"), TSARs and stock options:

#### (i) Outstanding units:

Information regarding units outstanding at December 31, 2019 is as follows:

(per share amounts in USD)	SARs		TSARs	
	Number of Units	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Units	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	896,883	\$ 51.27	1,447,301	\$ 51.24
Granted	29,320	57.60	294,680	56.70
Exercised	(34,995)	38.05	(44,969)	37.13
Cancelled	(29,134)	54.72	(34,885)	53.38
<b>Outstanding at September 30, 2019</b>	<b>862,074</b>	<b>\$ 51.91</b>	<b>1,662,127</b>	<b>\$ 52.54</b>
Exercised	(4,667)	31.25	(800)	34.59
<b>Outstanding at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>857,407</b>	<b>\$ 52.02</b>	<b>1,661,327</b>	<b>\$ 52.55</b>

(per share amounts in USD)	Stock Options	
	Number of Units	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	198,221	\$ 48.55
Granted	7,410	57.60
Exercised	(2,700)	31.73
<b>Outstanding at September 30, 2019</b>	<b>202,931</b>	<b>\$ 49.11</b>
Cancelled	(2,300)	52.31
<b>Outstanding at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>200,631</b>	<b>\$ 49.07</b>

Range of Exercise Prices (per share amounts in USD)	Units Outstanding at December 31, 2019			Units Exercisable at December 31, 2019	
	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Number of Units Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Units Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
<b>SARs:</b>					
\$25.97 to \$35.51	3.17	186,980	\$ 34.59	186,980	\$ 34.59
\$38.24 to \$50.17	2.91	191,684	46.39	141,597	45.07
\$54.65 to \$78.59	2.91	478,743	61.08	362,759	62.73
	2.97	857,407	\$ 52.02	691,336	\$ 51.50
<b>TSARs:</b>					
\$25.97 to \$35.51	3.17	308,837	\$ 34.59	308,837	\$ 34.59
\$38.24 to \$50.17	3.52	386,471	47.62	263,269	46.82
\$54.65 to \$78.59	4.06	966,019	60.27	482,156	63.91
	3.77	1,661,327	\$ 52.55	1,054,262	\$ 51.05
<b>Stock options:</b>					
\$25.97 to \$35.51	3.17	53,767	\$ 34.59	53,767	\$ 34.59
\$38.24 to \$50.17	1.96	56,554	43.56	47,751	42.35
\$54.65 to \$78.59	2.88	90,310	61.14	69,033	62.82
	2.70	200,631	\$ 49.07	170,551	\$ 48.19

**(ii) Compensation expense related to SARs and TSARs:**

Compensation expense for SARs and TSARs is measured based on their fair value and is recognized over the vesting period. Changes in fair value each period are recognized in net income for the proportion of the service that has been rendered at each reporting date. The fair value at December 31, 2019 was \$7.8 million compared with the recorded liability of \$7.3 million. The difference between the fair value and the recorded liability of \$0.5 million will be recognized over the weighted average remaining vesting period of approximately 1.6 years. The weighted average fair value was estimated at December 31, 2019 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

For the three months and year ended December 31, 2019, compensation expense related to SARs and TSARs included an expense in cost of sales and operating expenses of \$1.8 million (2018 - a recovery of \$48.4 million) and a recovery of \$8.7 million (2018 - a recovery of \$1.2 million), respectively. This included an expense of \$1.1 million (2018 - a recovery of \$49.3 million) and a recovery of \$13.7 million (2018 - a recovery of \$7.8 million), respectively, related to the effect of the change in the Company's share price for the three months and year ended December 31, 2019.

**(iii) Compensation expense related to stock options:**

For the three months and year ended December 31, 2019, compensation expense related to stock options included in cost of sales and operating expenses was negligible (2018 - \$0.1 million) and \$0.2 million (2018 - \$0.4 million), respectively. The fair value of each stock option grant was estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

**b) Deferred, restricted and performance share units (old plan and new plan):**

Deferred, restricted and performance share units (old plan and new plan) outstanding at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Number of Deferred Share Units	Number of Restricted Share Units	Number of Performance Share Units (old plan)	Number of Performance Share Units (new plan)
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	209,092	17,361	579,778	—
Granted	12,497	79,240	—	134,930
Performance factor impact on redemption <sup>1</sup>	—	—	132,215	—
Granted in-lieu of dividends	3,236	2,069	7,098	3,186
Redeemed	(96,761)	(9,966)	(396,635)	—
Cancelled	—	(477)	(20,040)	(476)
Outstanding at September 30, 2019	128,064	88,227	302,416	137,640
Granted	1,661	—	—	—
Granted in-lieu of dividends	795	771	2,811	1,278
Redeemed	(40,754)	(5,462)	—	—
Cancelled	—	(368)	(1,782)	(880)
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	89,766	83,168	303,445	138,038

<sup>1</sup> Performance share units granted prior to 2019 have a feature where the ultimate number of units that vest are adjusted by a performance factor of the original grant as determined by the Company's total shareholder return in relation to a predetermined target over the period to vesting. These units relate to performance share units redeemed in the quarter ended March 31, 2019.

Performance share units granted in 2019 reflect a new long-term incentive plan. The performance share units granted under the new plan are redeemable for cash based on the market value of the Company's common shares and are non-dilutive to shareholders. They vest over three years and include two performance factors: (i) relative total shareholder return of Methanex shares versus a specific market index (the market performance factor) and (ii) three year average Return on Capital Employed (the non-market performance factor). The market performance factor is measured by the Company at the grant date and reporting date using a Monte-Carlo simulation model to determine fair value. The non-market performance factor reflects management's best estimate to determine the expected number of units to vest. Based on these performance factors the performance share unit payout will range between 0% to 200%, with the first payout of the new performance share units in 2022.

Compensation expense for deferred, restricted and performance share units (old plan and new plan) is measured at fair value based on the market value of the Company's common shares and is recognized over the vesting period. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income for the proportion of the service that has been rendered at each reporting date. The fair value of deferred, restricted and performance share units at December 31, 2019 was \$14.7 million compared with the recorded liability of \$11.0 million. The difference between the fair value and the recorded liability of \$3.7 million will be recognized over the weighted average remaining vesting period of approximately 1.9 years.

For the three months and year ended December 31, 2019, compensation expense related to deferred, restricted and performance share units (old plan and new plan) included in cost of sales and operating expenses was an expense of \$0.8 million (2018 - a recovery of \$37.2 million) and an expense of \$4.5 million (2018 - a recovery of \$5.1 million), respectively. This included a recovery of \$0.4 million (2018 - a recovery of \$37.8 million) and \$4.9 million (2018 - a recovery of \$8.9 million), respectively, related to the effect of the change in the Company's share price for the three months and year ended December 31, 2019.

## 9. Changes in non-cash working capital:

Changes in non-cash working capital for the three and twelve month periods ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Years Ended	
	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018
<b>Changes in non-cash working capital:</b>				
Trade and other receivables	\$ (65,045)	\$ 84,513	\$ 25,847	\$ 22,068
Inventories	19,281	(65,498)	106,907	(83,495)
Prepaid expenses	2,333	4,658	(5,264)	(5,993)
Trade, other payables and accrued liabilities	2,252	(4,601)	(123,660)	(9,403)
	(41,179)	19,072	3,830	(76,823)
Adjustments for items not having a cash effect and working capital changes relating to taxes and interest paid	(4,905)	44,015	17,107	81,877
<b>Changes in non-cash working capital having a cash effect</b>	<b>\$ (46,084)</b>	<b>\$ 63,087</b>	<b>\$ 20,937</b>	<b>\$ 5,054</b>
<b>These changes relate to the following activities:</b>				
Operating	\$ (40,232)	\$ 65,581	\$ 9,426	\$ 5,998
Financing	—	(4,000)	—	—
Investing	(5,852)	1,506	11,511	(944)
<b>Changes in non-cash working capital</b>	<b>\$ (46,084)</b>	<b>\$ 63,087</b>	<b>\$ 20,937</b>	<b>\$ 5,054</b>

## 10. Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are either measured at amortized cost or fair value.

In the normal course of business, the Company's assets, liabilities and forecasted transactions, as reported in U.S. dollars, are impacted by various market risks including, but not limited to, natural gas prices and currency exchange rates. The time frame and manner in which the Company manages those risks varies for each item based on the Company's assessment of the risk and the available alternatives for mitigating risks.

The Company uses derivatives as part of its risk management program to mitigate variability associated with changing market values. Changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments are recorded in earnings unless the instruments are designated as cash flow hedges. The Company designates as cash flow hedges derivative financial instruments to hedge its risk exposure to fluctuations in natural gas prices and derivative financial instruments to hedge its risk exposure to fluctuations in the Euro compared to the U.S. dollar.

The fair value of derivative instruments is determined based on industry-accepted valuation models using market observable inputs and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of all of the Company's derivative contracts as presented in the consolidated statements of financial position are determined based on present values and the discount rates used are adjusted for credit risk. The effective portion of the changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges is recorded in other comprehensive income. The spot element of forward contracts in the hedging relationships is recorded in other comprehensive income as the change in fair value of cash flow hedges. The change in the fair value of the forward element of forward contracts is recorded separately in other comprehensive income as the forward element excluded from the hedging relationships.

Until settled, the fair value of the derivative financial instruments will fluctuate based on changes in commodity prices or foreign currency exchange rates.

### Natural gas forward contracts

The Company manages its exposure to changes in natural gas prices for a portion of its North American natural gas requirements by executing a number of fixed price forward contracts.

The Company has entered into forward contracts to manage its exposure to changes in natural gas prices for the Geismar 2 facility, and approximately one-third of the Geismar 3 facility from 2023 to 2032, which it has designated as cash flow hedges. Natural gas is fungible across the Geismar site. The Company has also entered into physical forward contracts to manage its exposure to changes in natural gas prices for the Medicine Hat facility. The Company has designated contracts for the 2021 and 2022 periods as cash flow hedges. Other costs incurred to transport natural gas from the contracted delivery point, either Henry Hub or AECO, to the relevant production facility represent an insignificant portion of the overall underlying risk and are recognized as incurred outside of the hedging relationship.

As at December 31, 2019, the Company had outstanding forward contracts in North America designated as cash flow hedges with a notional amount of \$970 million (December 31, 2018 - \$426 million) and a net negative fair value of \$195.1 million (December 31, 2018 - negative fair value \$105.7 million), all of which is included in other long-term liabilities.

### Euro forward exchange contracts

The Company manages its foreign currency exposure to euro denominated sales by executing a number of forward contracts which it has designated as cash flow hedges for its highly probable forecast euro collections.

As at December 31, 2019, the Company had outstanding forward exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges to sell a notional amount of 18 million euros (December 31, 2018 - 45 million euros). The euro contracts had a negative fair value of \$0.4 million included in current liabilities (December 31, 2018 - positive fair value \$0.3 million included in current assets).



## Fair value

The fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments as disclosed above are determined based on Bloomberg quoted market prices and confirmations received from counterparties, which are adjusted for credit risk.

The table below shows the nominal net cash flows for derivative hedging instruments, excluding credit risk adjustments, based upon contracted settlement dates. The amounts reflect the maturity profile of the hedging instruments and are subject to change based on the prevailing market rate at each of the future settlement dates. Financial asset derivative positions are held with investment-grade counterparties and therefore the settlement day risk exposure is considered to be negligible.

	Cash outflows by term to maturity				Total
	1 year or less	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years	
Natural gas forward contracts	(17,240)	(45,432)	(56,887)	(124,365)	\$ (243,924)
Euro forward exchange contracts	(380)	—	—	—	\$ (380)

The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments approximate their fair values, except as follows:

As at	December 31, 2019	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Long-term debt excluding deferred financing fees	\$ 1,786,025	\$ 1,831,292

Long-term debt consists of limited recourse debt facilities and unsecured notes. There is no publicly traded market for the limited recourse debt facilities. The fair value of the limited recourse debt facilities as disclosed on a recurring basis and categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy is estimated by reference to current market rates as at the reporting date. The fair value of the unsecured notes disclosed on a recurring basis and also categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy is estimated using quoted prices and yields as at the reporting date. The fair value of the Company's long term debt will fluctuate until maturity.

## 11. Egypt Insurance Recovery:

We experienced an outage at the Egypt plant from April to August 2019. We have recorded a \$50 million (\$25 million our share) insurance recovery which partially offsets repair costs charged to earnings and lost margins incurred in the second and third quarters of 2019. At December 31, 2019, the insurance recovery is included in Trade and other receivables as final settlement has not been received.

**Methanex Corporation**  
**Quarterly History (unaudited)**

	2019	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	2018	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
<b>METHANOL SALES VOLUME</b> (thousands of tonnes)										
Methanex-produced <sup>1</sup>	7,611	2,056	1,965	1,669	1,921	7,002	1,599	1,790	1,729	1,884
Purchased methanol	2,492	623	680	716	473	3,032	908	802	709	613
Commission sales <sup>1</sup>	1,031	307	179	216	329	1,174	245	279	329	321
	11,134	2,986	2,824	2,601	2,723	11,208	2,752	2,871	2,767	2,818
<b>METHANOL PRODUCTION</b> (thousands of tonnes)										
New Zealand	1,865	513	469	446	437	1,606	389	478	252	487
USA (Geismar)	1,929	480	514	530	405	2,078	527	520	518	513
Trinidad (Methanex interest)	1,743	456	474	384	429	1,702	448	353	442	459
Egypt (50% interest)	392	151	85	15	141	613	155	128	165	165
Canada (Medicine Hat)	610	151	149	155	155	600	160	144	143	153
Chile	1,050	373	146	290	241	612	206	112	128	166
	7,589	2,124	1,837	1,820	1,808	7,211	1,885	1,735	1,648	1,943
<b>AVERAGE REALIZED METHANOL PRICE <sup>2</sup></b> (\$/tonne)	295	256	272	326	331	405	401	413	405	402
(\$/gallon)	0.89	0.77	0.82	0.98	1.00	1.22	1.21	1.24	1.22	1.21
<b>ADJUSTED EBITDA <sup>3</sup></b>	566	136	90	146	194	1,071	197	293	275	306
<b>PER SHARE INFORMATION <sup>3</sup></b> (\$ per common share attributable to Methanex shareholders)										
Adjusted net income (loss)	0.93	0.13	(0.27)	0.34	0.73	6.86	1.15	1.92	1.75	2.03
Basic net income (loss)	1.15	0.12	(0.13)	0.65	0.50	7.07	2.07	1.62	1.36	2.02
Diluted net income (loss)	1.01	0.12	(0.21)	0.51	0.50	6.92	1.68	1.61	1.36	2.00

<sup>1</sup> Methanex-produced methanol represents our equity share of volume produced at our facilities and excludes volume marketed on a commission basis related to the 36.9% of the Atlas facility and 50% of the Egypt facility that we do not own. Methanex-produced methanol includes any volume produced by Chile using natural gas supplied from Argentina under a tolling arrangement ("TollingVolume"). No TollingVolume has been produced in 2019. There was no TollingVolume in the fourth quarter of 2018 and 108,000 MT of TollingVolume for the year ended December 31, 2018.

<sup>2</sup> Averagerealized price is calculated as revenue, excluding commissions earned and the Egypt non-controlling interest share of revenue, but including an amount representing our share of Atlas revenue, divided by the total sales volume of Methanex-produced and purchased methanol, but excluding TollingVolume.

<sup>3</sup> All quarters presented for 2019 reflect the adoption of IFRS 16. Financial information in all comparative periods do not reflect the impact of IFRS 16. Refer to the Adoption of New Accounting Standards section on page 14 of the MD&A.