Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) (unaudited)

(thousands of U.S. dollars, except number of common shares and per share amounts)

		Three Mo	onth	s Ended	Nine Months Ended			
		Sep 30 2019		Sep 30 2018		Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018	
Revenue	\$	649,692	\$	1,043,525	\$	2,125,816 \$	2,955,296	
Cost of sales and operating expenses		(580,993)		(783,743)		(1,747,615)	(2,155,976)	
Depreciation and amortization		(85,237)		(61,353)		(256,193)	(183,273)	
Operating income (loss)		(16,538)		198,429		122,008	616,047	
Earnings of associate (note 5)		14,772		14,844		43,935	54,142	
Finance costs (note 6)		(30,510)		(23,087)		(88,509)	(71,038)	
Finance income and other expenses		2,670		1,144		3,987	2,554	
Income (loss) before income taxes		(29,606)		191,330		81,421	601,705	
Income tax (expense) recovery:								
Current		7,865		(27,508)		(22,536)	(78,153)	
Deferred		8,707		(15,956)		23,820	(42,884)	
		16,572		(43,464)		1,284	(121,037)	
Net income (loss)	\$	(13,034)	\$	147,866	\$	82,705 \$	480,668	
Attributable to:								
Methanex Corporation shareholders	\$	(9,911)	\$	128,057	\$	78,788 \$	408,106	
Non-controlling interests		(3,123)		19,809		3,917	72,562	
	\$	(13,034)	\$	147,866	\$	82,705 \$	480,668	
Income (loss) per common share for the period attributable to Methanex Corporation shareholders								
Basic net income (loss) per common share	\$	(0.13)	\$	1.62	\$	1.03 \$	5.01	
Diluted net income (loss) per common share (note 8)	\$	(0.21)	\$	1.61	\$	0.88 \$	5.00	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (note 8)	7	6,196,080		79,263,939		76,726,467	81,517,418	
Diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding (note 8)	7	6,219,226		79,341,597		76,845,176	81,592,080	

$\textbf{Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)} \ (unaudited)$

(thousands of U.S. dollars)

	Three Mo	nths	Ended	Nine Months Ended			
	 Sep 30 2019		Sep 30 2018		Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018	
Net income (loss)	\$ (13,034)	\$	147,866	\$	82,705 \$	480,668	
Other comprehensive income (loss):							
Items that may be reclassified to income (loss):							
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges (note 11)	4,787		10,926		(77,343)	(2,502)	
Forward element excluded from hedging relationships (note 11)	(30,382)		(15,255)		37,188	(13,289)	
Items that will not be reclassified to income (loss):							
Actuarial gain on defined benefit pension plans	_		—		_	845	
Taxes on above items	5,630		1,023		8,938	3,433	
	(19,965)		(3,306)		(31,217)	(11,513)	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (32,999)	\$	144,560	\$	51,488 \$	469,155	
Attributable to:							
Methanex Corporation shareholders	\$ (29,876)	\$	124,751	\$	47,571 \$	396,593	
Non-controlling interests	(3,123)		19 <i>,</i> 809		3,917	72,562	
	\$ (32,999)	\$	144,560	\$	51,488 \$	469,155	

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (unaudited)

(thousands of U.S. dollars)

AS AT	Sep 30 2019	Dec 31 2018
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 857,425	\$ 256,077
Trade and other receivables	423,676	514,568
Inventories (note 2)	300,333	387,959
Prepaid expenses	40,138	32,541
Other assets (note 3)	16,401	60,93
	1,637,973	1,252,07
Non-current assets:		
Property, plant and equipment (note 4)	3,503,550	3,025,09
Investment in associate (note 5)	185,190	197,82
Deferred income tax assets	90,197	59,532
Other assets (note 3)	70,460	74,47
	3,849,397	3,356,923
	\$ 5,487,370	\$ 4,608,999
IABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Trade, other payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 491,502	\$ 617,41
Current maturities on long-term debt (note 7)	389,042	383,79
Current maturities on lease liabilities	96,362	12,34
Current maturities on other long-term liabilities	21,105	33,79
	998,011	1,047,35
Non-current liabilities:		
Long-term debt (note 7)	1,732,396	1,074,49
Lease liabilities	577,234	187,41
Other long-term liabilities	232,638	210,68
Deferred income tax liabilities	275,005	281,21
	2,817,273	1,753,80
quity:		
Capital stock	440,472	446,54
Contributed surplus	1,735	1,59
Retained earnings	1,061,144	1,145,47
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(112,080)	(82,40
Shareholders' equity	1,391,271	1,511,21
Non-controlling interests	280,815	296,62
Total equity	1,672,086	1,807,84
	\$ 5,487,370	\$ 4,608,99

Subsequent events (note 7)

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (unaudited)

(thousands of U.S. dollars, except number of common shares)

	Number of Common Shares	Capital Stock	Contributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Shareholders Equity	Non- Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2017	83,770,254	\$480,331	\$2,124	\$1,088,150	\$(69,841)	1,500,764	\$244,347	\$1,745,111
Net income	_	—	_	408,106	_	408,106	72,562	480,668
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	548	(12,061)	(11,513)	—	(11,513)
Compensation expense recorded for stock options	_	_	281	_	_	281	—	281
Issue of shares on exercise of stock options	75,014	2,953	_	—	_	2,953	—	2,953
Reclassification of grant date fair value on exercise of stock options	_	811	(811)	_	_	—	_	—
Payments for repurchase of shares	(5,400,000)	(31,012)	—	(334,688)	_	(365,700)	—	(365,700)
Dividend payments to Methanex Corporation shareholders	_	_	_	(80,179)	_	(80,179)	—	(80,179)
Distributions made and accrued to non-controlling interests	_	—	—	_	_	—	(23,041)	(23,041)
Balance, September 30, 2018	78,445,268	\$453,083	\$1,594	\$1,081,937	\$(81,902)	\$1,454,712	\$293,868	\$1,748,580
Net income	—	—	_	160,876	_	160,876	16,440	177,316
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	1	(502)	(501)	_	(501)
Compensation expense recorded for stock options	_	_	81	_	_	81	_	81
Issue of shares on exercise of stock options	8,100	257	_	_	_	257	_	257
Reclassification of grant date fair value on exercise of stock options	_	78	(78)	_	_	_	_	_
Payments for repurchase of shares	(1,190,095)	(6,874)	_	(71,841)	_	(78,715)	_	(78,715)
Dividend payments to Methanex Corporation shareholders	_	_	_	(25,497)	_	(25,497)	_	(25,497)
Distributions made and accrued to non-controlling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	(13,680)	(13,680)
Balance, December 31, 2018	77,263,273	\$446,544	\$1,597	\$1,145,476	\$(82,404)	\$1,511,213	\$296,628	\$1,807,841
Net income	_	_	_	78,788	_	78,788	3,917	82,705
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	(1,541)	(29,676)	(31,217)	_	(31,217)
Compensation expense recorded for stock options	_	_	164	_	_	164	_	164
Issue of shares on exercise of stock options	2,700	86	—	_	_	86	—	86
Reclassification of grant date fair value on exercise of stock options	_	26	(26)	_	_	_	_	_
Payment for shares repurchased	(1,069,893)	(6,184)	_	(46,621)	_	(52,805)	_	(52,805)
Dividend payments to Methanex Corporation shareholders	_	_		(80,445)	_	(80,445)	_	(80,445)
Distributions made and accrued to non-controlling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	(16,375)	(16,375)
Impact of adoption of IFRS 16	_	_	_	(34,513)	_	(34,513)	(3,355)	(37,868)
Balance, September 30, 2019	76,196,080	\$440,472	\$1,735	\$1,061,144	\$(112,080)	\$1,391,271	\$280,815	\$1,672,086

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(thousands of U.S. dollars)

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended			
—	Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018		Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018		
CASH FLOWS FROM / (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Net income (loss) \$	(13,034)	\$ 147,866	\$	82,705 \$	480,668		
Deduct earnings of associate	(14,772)	(14,844)		(43,935)	(54,142		
Dividends received from associate	12,620	28,395		56,159	63,102		
Add (deduct) non-cash items:							
Depreciation and amortization	85,237	61,353		256,193	183,273		
Income tax expense (recovery)	(16,572)	43,464		(1,284)	121,037		
Share-based compensation expense (recovery)	(10,408)	31,210		(6,548)	79,793		
Finance costs	30,510	23,087		88,509	71,038		
Other	(1,738)	(1,393)		54	(847		
Income taxes paid	(4,336)	(15,444)		(43,974)	(73,282		
Other cash payments, including share-based compensation	(5,115)	(9,940)		(36,248)	(48,653		
Cash flows from operating activities before undernoted	62,392	293,754		351,631	821,987		
Changes in non-cash working capital (note 10)	8,913	(65,717)		49,658	(59,583		
	71,305	228,037		401,289	762,404		
CASH FLOWS FROM / (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		<i></i>		<i>(</i>)	/		
Payments for repurchase of shares	—	(113,056)		(52,805)	(365,700		
Dividend payments to Methanex Corporation shareholders	(27,430)	(25,984)		(80,445)	(80,179		
Interest paid	(23,479)	(16,720)		(77,520)	(60,649		
Net proceeds on issue of long-term debt (note 7)	695,533	—		695,533	-		
Repayment of long-term debt and financing fees	(16,609)	(121,451)		(33,277)	(212,090		
Repayment of lease obligation	(27,379)	(2,052)		(73,705)	(6,232		
Restricted cash for debt service accounts	(8,548)	(5,638)		(8,648)	(6,028		
Distributions to non-controlling interests	(1,993)	(40,000)		(23,613)	(73,908		
Proceeds on issue of shares on exercise of stock options	_	1,639		86	2,953		
Proceeds from other limited recourse debt	—	80,000		_	166,000		
Restricted cash for distribution to non-controlling interests	_	(7,000)		—	(7,000		
Changes in non-cash working capital related to financing activities (note 10)	(1,780)	(3,027)		_	4,000		
	588,315	(253,289)		345,606	(638,833		
CASH FLOWS FROM / (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Property, plant and equipment	(44,166)	(30,884)		(179,536)	(123,018		
Geismar plant under construction	(25,739)	(7,268)		(45,424)	(49,829		
Restricted cash for capital projects	25,523	1,234		62,050	(63,066		
Changes in non-cash working capital related to investing activities (note 10)	14,218	2,603		17,363	(2,450		
	(30,164)	(34,315)		(145,547)	(238,363		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	629,456	(59,567)		601,348	(114,792		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	227,969	320,254		256,077	375,479		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$	857,425	\$ 260,687	\$	857,425 \$	260,687		

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

Except where otherwise noted, tabular dollar amounts are stated in thousands of U.S. dollars.

1. Basis of presentation:

Methanex Corporation ("the Company") is an incorporated entity with corporate offices in Vancouver, Canada. The Company's operations consist of the production and sale of methanol, a commodity chemical. The Company is the world's largest producer and supplier of methanol to the major international markets of Asia Pacific, North America, Europe and South America.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with *International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting,* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") on a basis consistent with those followed in the most recent annual consolidated financial statements except for the adoption of IFRS 16 as described in our condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and were approved and authorized for issue by the Audit, Finance & Risk Committee of the Board of Directors on October 30, 2019.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Adoption of IFRS 16 "Leases"

The Company adopted IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16" or "the standard") as issued by the IASB in 2016, which eliminates the current operating/finance lease dual accounting model for lessees and replaces it with a single, on-balance sheet accounting model, similar to the previous finance lease accounting. The standard replaces IAS 17, Leases ("IAS 17") and related interpretations and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

The Company transitioned to IFRS 16 in accordance with the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings at January 1, 2019. The modified retrospective approach does not require restatement of comparative periods. As part of the initial application of IFRS 16, the Company has elected to use hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company recognized \$411 million of lease assets and \$453 million of lease liabilities, with the difference of \$42 million (\$38 million net of tax), recorded as an adjustment in equity. When measuring operating lease commitments, the Company discounted lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019. The weighted-average rate applied is 4.4%. The following reconciliation to the opening balance for lease liabilities as at January 1, 2019 is based upon the operating lease commitments as at December 31, 2018:

Lease liabilities at January 1, 2019	\$ 452,882
Other	594
Scope changes due to IFRS 16	18,880
Extension and termination options reasonably certain to be exercised	75,753
Leases of low-value assets	(8)
Short-term leases	(777)
Recognition exemption for:	
Finance lease liabilities recognized as at December 31, 2018	\$ 358,440
Discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019	4.4%
Operating lease commitments at December 31, 2018	\$ 427,289
	Jan 1 2019

The Company has updated its accounting policy for leasing to reflect the adoption of IFRS 16 as detailed below.

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;
- the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Company has the right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used.

For contracts that contain a lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is assessed for impairment losses, should a trigger be identified and adjusted for impairment if required.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

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Short-term leases and lease of low-value assets

The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets, except for terminal and vessel leases. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Critical accounting estimates and judgments

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. The assessment is reviewed upon a trigger by a significant event or a significant change in circumstances.

Certain leases contain non-lease components, excluded from the right-of-use asset and lease liability, related to operating charges for ocean vessels and terminal facilities. Judgment is applied in determination of the stand-alone price of the lease and non-lease components.

2. Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost, determined on a first-in first-out basis, and estimated net realizable value. The amount of inventories recognized as an expense in cost of sales and operating expenses and depreciation and amortization for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019 is \$556 million (2018 - \$732 million) and \$1,682 million (2018 - \$2,021 million), respectively.

3. Other assets:

As at September 30, 2019, the Company holds \$16.4 million (December 31, 2018 - \$66.5 million) in cash and short-term, highly liquid investments held under restricted terms. The entire balance of restricted cash and cash equivalents (December 31, 2018 - \$60.9 million) has been recorded as current as it is expected to be spent within one year. Use of the funds is primarily restricted for funding of a debt service account, certain capital projects and the operations of certain vessels.

4. Property, plant and equipment:

	Owned Assets (a)	Right-of-use assets (b)	Total		
Net book value at September 30, 2019 \$	2,910,899	\$ 592,651	\$ 3,503,550		
Net book value at December 31, 2018 \$	2,857,266	\$ 167,829	\$ 3,025,095		

a) Owned assets

	ildings, Plant stallations & Machinery	ants Under Instruction	0	cean Going Vessels	Other	Total
Cost at September 30, 2019	\$ 4,785,402	\$ 84,846	\$	217,983	\$ 152,624	\$ 5,240,855
Accumulated depreciation at September 30, 2019	2,178,781	—		33,430	117,745	2,329,956
Net book value at September 30, 2019	\$ 2,606,621	\$ 84,846	\$	184,553	\$ 34,879	\$ 2,910,899
Cost at December 31, 2018	\$ 4,698,142	\$ _	\$	183,419	\$ 189 <i>,</i> 058	\$ 5,070,619
Accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2018	2,047,735	—		48,426	117,192	2,213,353
Net book value at December 31, 2018	\$ 2,650,407	\$ _	\$	134,993	\$ 71,866	\$ 2,857,266

In the third quarter, the Company reached a final investment decision to construct a 1.8 million tonne facility in Geismar, Louisiana adjacent to its Geismar 1 and Geismar 2 facilities. The cost of the project is expected to be between \$1.3 to \$1.4 billion including costs of approximately \$85 million incurred to date included in Plants Under Construction.

b) Right-of-use (leased) assets

	Ocean Going Vessels		Terminals and Tanks		Plant Installations and Machinery		Other		Total
Cost at September 30, 2019	\$	451,641	\$ 215,111	\$	19,943	\$	38,207	\$	724,902
Accumulated depreciation at September 30, 2019		68,753	51,825		7,228		4,445		132,251
Net book value at September 30, 2019	\$	382,888	\$ 163,286	\$	12,715	\$	33,762	\$	592,651
Cost at December 31, 2018	\$	87,800	\$ 113,978	\$	16,032	\$	_	\$	217,810
Accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2018		15,204	29,333		5,444		_		49,981
Net book value at December 31, 2018	\$	72,596	\$ 84,645	\$	10,588	\$	_	\$	167,829
Cost at January 1, 2019	\$	370,654	\$ 207,721	\$	19,705	\$	30,399	\$	628,479
Accumulated depreciation at January 1, 2019		15,204	29,333		5,344		_		49,881
Net book value at January 1, 2019	\$	355,450	\$ 178,388	\$	14,361	\$	30,399	\$	578,598

5. Interest in Atlas joint venture:

a) The Company has a 63.1% equity interest in Atlas Methanol Company Unlimited ("Atlas"). Atlas owns a 1.8 million tonne per year methanol production facility in Trinidad. The Company accounts for its interest in Atlas using the equity method. Summarized financial information of Atlas (100% basis) is as follows:

Statements of financial position	Sep 30 2019	Dec 31 2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,608	\$ 9,367
Other current assets	84,736	104,742
Non-current assets	239,594	255,822
Current liabilities	(32,391)	(32,022)
Other long-term liabilities, including current maturities	(139,015)	(145,359)
Net assets at 100%	\$ 172,532	\$ 192,550
Net assets at 63.1%	\$ 108,868	\$ 121,499
Long-term receivable from Atlas	76,322	76,322
Investment in associate	\$ 185,190	\$ 197,821

	Three Months Er	nded	Nine Months Ended				
Statements of income	 Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018		Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018		
Revenue	\$ 96,459 \$	91 <i>,</i> 558	\$	292,788 \$	353,659		
Cost of sales and depreciation and amortization	(56,002)	(51,791)		(174,333)	(211,151)		
Operating income	40,457	39,767		118,455	142,508		
Finance costs, finance income and other expenses	(2,805)	(2,661)		(8,583)	(8,300)		
Income tax expense	(14,242)	(13,582)		(40,245)	(48,405)		
Net earnings at 100%	\$ 23,410 \$	23,524	\$	69,627 \$	85 <i>,</i> 803		
Earnings of associate at 63.1%	\$ 14,772 \$	14,844	\$	43,935 \$	54,142		
Dividends received from associate	\$ 12,620 \$	28,395	\$	56,159 \$	63,102		

b) Contingent liability:

The Board of Inland Revenue of Trinidad and Tobago has audited and issued assessments against Atlas in respect of the 2005 to 2012 financial years. All subsequent tax years remain open to assessment. The assessments relate to the pricing arrangements of certain long-term fixed-price sales contracts with affiliates that commenced in 2005 and continue through 2019. The long-term fixed-price sales contracts with affiliates were established as part of the formation of Atlas and management believes were reflective of market considerations at that time. Atlas had partial relief from corporation income tax until late July 2014.

During the periods under assessment and continuing through 2014, approximately 50% of Atlas produced methanol was sold under these fixed-price contracts. From late 2014 through 2019 fixed-price sales represent approximately 10% of Atlas produced methanol.

The Company believes it is impractical to disclose a reasonable estimate of the potential contingent liability due to the wide range of assumptions and interpretations implicit in the assessments.

The Company has lodged objections to the assessments. No deposits have been required to lodge objections. Based on the merits of the cases and advice from legal counsel, the Company believes its position should be sustained, that Atlas has filed its tax returns and paid applicable taxes in compliance with Trinidadian tax law, and as such has not accrued for any amounts relating to these assessments. Contingencies inherently involve the exercise of significant judgment, and as such the outcomes of these assessments and the financial impact to the Company could be material.

The Company anticipates the resolution of this matter in the court system to be lengthy and, at this time, cannot predict a date as to when this matter is expected to be resolved.

6. Finance costs:

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended			
		Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018		Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018	
Finance costs	\$	31,306 \$	23,321	\$	90,310 \$	71,872	
Less capitalized interest related to Geismar plant under construction		(796)	(234)		(1,801)	(834)	
	\$	30,510 \$	23,087	\$	88,509 \$	71,038	

Finance costs are primarily comprised of interest on the unsecured notes, limited recourse debt facilities, finance lease obligations, amortization of deferred financing fees, and accretion expense associated with site restoration costs. Interest during construction projects is capitalized until the plant is substantially completed and ready for productive use.

7. Long-term debt:

As at	Sep 30 2019	Dec 31 2018
Unsecured notes		
\$350 million at 3.25% due December 15, 2019	\$ 349,773	\$ 349,026
\$250 million at 5.25% due March 1, 2022	248,802	248,480
\$300 million at 4.25% due December 1, 2024	297,512	297,232
\$300 million at 5.65% due December 1, 2044	295,300	295,238
\$700 million at 5.25% due December 15, 2029	693,933	_
	1,885,320	1,189,976
Egypt limited recourse debt facilities	74,804	101,226
Other limited recourse debt facilities	161,314	167,084
Total long-term debt ¹	2,121,438	1,458,286
Less current maturities ¹	(389,042)	(383,793)
	\$ 1,732,396	\$ 1,074,493

¹ Long-term debt and current maturities are presented net of deferred financing fees.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2019, the Company made repayments of \$2.6 million on its other limited recourse debt facilities. Other limited recourse debt facilities relate to financing for certain of our ocean going vessels which we own through less than wholly-owned entities under the Company's control.

During the quarter, the Company issued \$700 million of senior unsecured notes bearing a coupon of 5.25% and due December 15, 2029. Subsequent to the quarter, the Company repaid \$350 million of unsecured notes originally due December 15, 2019. The Company also secured an \$800 million non-revolving construction facility for the Geismar 3 project and renewed and extended its \$300 million committed revolving credit facility, both with a syndicate of highly rated financial institutions and expiry in July 2024.

Significant covenants and default provisions of the two facilities include:

a) the obligation to maintain an EBITDA to interest coverage ratio of greater than or equal to 2:1 calculated on a four-quarter trailing basis, where for only one quarter during the term of the credit facility the ratio can be as low as, but not less than 1.25:1, and a debt to capitalization ratio of less than or equal to 57.5%, both calculated in accordance with definitions in the credit agreement that include adjustment to limited recourse subsidiaries.

b) a default if payment is accelerated by a creditor on any indebtedness of \$50 million or more of the Company and its subsidiaries, except for the limited recourse subsidiaries, and

c) a default if a default occurs that permits a creditor to demand repayment on any other indebtedness of \$50 million or more of the Company and its subsidiaries, except for the limited recourse subsidiaries.

The credit facilities also include other customary covenants including restrictions on the incurrence of additional indebtedness, restrictions against the sale or abandonment of the Geismar 3 project, as well as requirements associated with completion of plant construction and commissioning by no later than July 2023.

The limited recourse debt facilities are described as limited recourse as they are secured only by the assets of the entity that carries the debt. Accordingly, the lenders to the limited recourse debt facilities have no recourse to the Company or its other subsidiaries.

The Egypt limited recourse debt facilities have covenants and default provisions that apply only to the Egypt entity, including restrictions on the incurrence of additional indebtedness and a requirement to fulfill certain conditions before the payment of cash or other shareholder distributions. Since 2015, certain conditions had not been met, resulting in a restriction on shareholder distributions from the Egypt entity. Under amended terms reached in 2017, shareholder distributions are permitted if the average gas deliveries over the prior 12 months are greater than 70% of gas nominations.

The Egypt limited recourse debt facilities contain covenants to complete certain mortgage registrations. The Company has sought and received waivers from lenders relating to these covenants until March 31, 2020. The Company does not believe that the finalization of these mortgage registrations are material. Whilst these covenants have been waived multiple times by the lenders, and circumstances have not materially changed, the Company cannot provide assurance that we will be able to obtain future waivers from the lenders.

Failure to comply with any of the covenants or default provisions of the long-term debt facilities described above could result in a default under the applicable credit agreement that would allow the lenders to not fund future loan requests, accelerate the due date of the principal and accrued interest on any outstanding loans or restrict the payment of cash or other distributions.

As at September 30, 2019, management believes the Company was in compliance with all significant terms and default provisions related to long-term debt obligations.

8. Net income (loss) per common share:

Diluted net income (loss) per common share is calculated by considering the potential dilution that would occur if outstanding stock options and, under certain circumstances, tandem share appreciation rights ("TSARs") were exercised or converted to common shares.

Outstanding TSARs may be settled in cash or common shares at the holder's option and for purposes of calculating diluted net income (loss) per common share, the more dilutive of the cash-settled and equity-settled method is used, regardless of how the plan is accounted for. Accordingly, TSARs that are accounted for using the cash-settled method will require adjustments to the numerator and denominator if the equity-settled method is determined to have a dilutive effect on diluted net income (loss) per common share as compared to the cash-settled method. The equity-settled method was more dilutive for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019, and an adjustment was required for both the numerator and the denominator. For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 the cash-settled method was more dilutive and no adjustment was required for both the numerator and the denominator.

Stock options and, if calculated using the equity-settled method, TSARs are considered dilutive when the average market price of the Company's common shares during the period disclosed exceeds the exercise price of the stock option or TSAR. For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018, stock options were considered dilutive, resulting in an adjustment to the denominator in both periods.

A reconciliation of the numerator used for the purposes of calculating diluted net income (loss) per common share is as follows:

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ende		
	Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018		Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018	
Numerator for basic net income (loss) per common share	\$ (9,911)	128,057	\$	78,788	408,106	
Adjustment for the effect of TSARs:						
Cash-settled recovery included in net income	(5,547)	—		(6,630)	—	
Equity-settled expense	(474)	—		(4,313)	—	
Numerator for basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share	\$ (15,932)	128,057	\$	67,845	408,106	

A reconciliation of the denominator used for the purposes of calculating diluted net income (loss) per common share is as follows:

	Three Mont	ns Ended	Nine Months Ended			
	Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018	Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018		
Denominator for basic net income (loss) per common share	76,196,080	79,263,939	76,726,467	81,517,418		
Effect of dilutive stock options	3,425	77,658	21,068	74,662		
Effect of dilutive TSARs	19,721	—	97,641	—		
Denominator for diluted net income (loss) per common share	76,219,226	79,341,597	76,845,176	81,592,080		

9. Share-based compensation:

a) Share appreciation rights ("SARs"), TSARs and stock options:

(i) Outstanding units:

Information regarding units outstanding at September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	TSARs				
(per share amounts in USD)	Number of Units	Veighted Average Exercise Price	V Number of Units	Veighted Average Exercise Price	
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	896,883 \$	51.27	1,447,301 \$	51.24	
Granted	29,320	57.60	272,860	57.60	
Exercised	(34,095)	38.14	(44,969)	37.13	
Cancelled	(22,534)	55.47	(23,601)	49.74	
Outstanding at June 30, 2019	869,574 \$	51.89	1,651,591 \$	52.70	
Granted	—	_	21,820	45.40	
Exercised	(900)	34.59	—	—	
Cancelled	(6,600)	52.14	(11,284)	61.01	
Outstanding at September 30, 2019	862,074 \$	51.91	1,662,127 \$	52.54	

	Stock Options					
(per share amounts in USD)	Number of Units	Weighted Average Exercise Price				
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	198,221	\$ 48.55				
Granted	7,410	57.60				
Exercised	(2,700)	31.73				
Outstanding at June 30, 2019	202,931	\$ 49.11				
Granted	_	_				
Exercised	—	—				
Cancelled	—	—				
Outstanding at September 30, 2019	202,931	\$ 49.11				

Units Outstanding at September 30, 2019

Units Exercisable at September 30, 2019

Range of Exercise Prices (per share amounts in USD)			Number of Units Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
SARs:					
\$25.97 to \$35.51	3.38	191,647 9	\$ 34.51	191,647	\$ 34.51
\$38.24 to \$50.17	3.16	191,684	46.39	141,597	45.07
\$54.65 to \$78.59	3.16	478,743	61.08	362,759	62.73
	3.21	862,074	\$ 51.91	696,003	\$ 51.37
TSARs:					
\$25.97 to \$35.51	3.42	309,637 9	\$ 34.59	309,637	\$ 34.59
\$38.24 to \$50.17	3.77	386,471	47.62	263,269	46.82
\$54.65 to \$78.59	4.31	966,019	60.27	482,156	63.91
	4.02	1,662,127	\$ 52.54	1,055,062	\$ 51.04
Stock options:					
\$25.97 to \$35.51	3.42	53,767 9	\$ 34.59	53,767	\$ 34.59
\$38.24 to \$50.17	2.26	57,754	43.70	48,551	42.47
\$54.65 to \$78.59	3.16	91,410	61.06	69,400	62.78
	2.97	202,931	\$ 49.11	171,718	\$ 48.21

(ii) Compensation expense related to SARs and TSARs:

Compensation expense for SARs and TSARs is measured based on their fair value and is recognized over the vesting period. Changes in fair value each period are recognized in net income (loss) for the proportion of the service that has been rendered at each reporting date. The fair value at September 30, 2019 was \$6.1 million compared with the recorded liability of \$5.6 million. The difference between the fair value and the recorded liability of \$0.5 million will be recognized over the weighted average remaining vesting period of approximately 1.7 years. The weighted average fair value was estimated at September 30, 2019 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019, compensation expense related to SARs and TSARs included a recovery in cost of sales and operating expenses of \$8.4 million (2018 - an expense of \$17.9 million) and a recovery of \$10.5 million (2018 - an expense of \$47.3 million), respectively. This included a recovery of \$8.8 million (2018 - an expense of \$17.0 million) and a recovery of \$14.8 million (2018 - an expense of \$41.5 million), respectively, related to the effect of the change in the Company's share price for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019.

(iii) Compensation expense related to stock options:

For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019, compensation expense related to stock options included in cost of sales and operating expenses was \$0.1 million (2018 - \$0.1 million) and \$0.2 million (2018 - \$0.3 million), respectively. The fair value of each stock option grant was estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

b) Deferred, restricted and performance share units (old plan and new plan):

Deferred, restricted and performance share units (old plan and new plan) outstanding at September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Number of Deferred Share Units	Number of Restricted Share Units	Number of Performance Share Units (old plan)	Number of Performance Share Units (new plan)
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	209,092	17,361	579,778	—
Granted	10,781	78,520	_	134,930
Performance factor impact on redemption ¹	—	—	132,215	—
Granted in-lieu of dividends	1,950	1,209	4,151	1,845
Redeemed	(96,761)	(9,966)	(396,635)	—
Cancelled	—	(264)	(19,101)	(263)
Outstanding at June 30, 2019	125,062	86,860	300,408	136,512
Granted	1,716	720	_	_
Granted in-lieu of dividends	1,286	860	2,947	1,341
Cancelled	_	(213)	(939)	(213)
Outstanding at September 30, 2019	128,064	88,227	302,416	137,640

¹ Performance share units granted prior to 2019 have a feature where the ultimate number of units that vest are adjusted by a performance factor of the original grant as determined by the Company's total shareholder return in relation to a predetermined target over the period to vesting. These units relate to performance share units redeemed in the quarter ended March 31, 2019.

Performance share units granted in 2019 reflect a new long-term incentive plan. The performance share units granted under the new plan are redeemable for cash based on the market value of the Company's common shares and are nondilutive to shareholders. They vest over three years and include two performance factors: (i) relative total shareholder return of Methanex shares versus a specific market index (the market performance factor) and (ii) three year average Return on Capital Employed (the non-market performance factor). The market performance factor is measured by the Company at the grant date and reporting date using a Monte-Carlo simulation model to determine fair value. The nonmarket performance factor reflects management's best estimate to determine the expected number of units to vest. Based on these performance factors the performance share unit payout will range between 0% to 200%, with the first payout of the new performance share units in 2022.

Compensation expense for deferred, restricted and performance share units (old plan and new plan) is measured at fair value based on the market value of the Company's common shares and is recognized over the vesting period. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income (loss) for the proportion of the service that has been rendered at each reporting date. The fair value of deferred, restricted and performance share units at September 30, 2019 was \$16.4 million compared with the recorded liability of \$12.7 million. The difference between the fair value and the recorded liability of \$3.7 million will be recognized over the weighted average remaining vesting period of approximately 2.1 years.

For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019, compensation expense related to deferred, restricted and performance share units (old plan and new plan) included in cost of sales and operating expenses was a recovery of \$2.1 million (2018 - an expense of \$13.1 million) and an expense of \$3.7 million (2018 - \$31.9 million), respectively. This included a recovery of \$3.3 million (2018 - an expense of \$12.4 million) and \$4.6 million (2018 - an expense of \$28.7 million), respectively, related to the effect of the change in the Company's share price for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019.

10. Changes in non-cash working capital:

Changes in non-cash working capital for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended			
		Sep 30 2019		Sep 30 2018		Sep 30 2019	Sep 30 2018
Changes in non-cash working capital:							
Trade and other receivables	\$	45,142	\$	(62,623)	\$	90,892 \$	(62,445)
Inventories		61,517		27,381		87,626	(17,997)
Prepaid expenses		(7,539)		(12,705)		(7,597)	(10,651)
Trade, other payables and accrued liabilities		(83,939)		(33,497)		(125,912)	(4,802)
		15,181		(81,444)	_	45,009	(95,895)
Adjustments for items not having a cash effect and working capital changes relating to taxes and interest paid		6,170		15,303		22,012	37,862
Changes in non-cash working capital having a cash effect	\$	21,351	\$	(66,141)	\$	67,021 \$	(58,033)
These changes relate to the following activities:							
Operating	\$	8,913	\$	(65,717)	\$	49,658 \$	(59,583)
Financing		(1,780)		(3,027)		—	4,000
Investing		14,218		2,603		17,363	(2,450)
Changes in non-cash working capital	\$	21,351	\$	(66,141)	\$	67,021 \$	(58,033)

11. Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are either measured at amortized cost or fair value.

In the normal course of business, the Company's assets, liabilities and forecasted transactions, as reported in U.S. dollars, are impacted by various market risks including, but not limited to, natural gas prices and currency exchange rates. The time frame and manner in which the Company manages those risks varies for each item based on the Company's assessment of the risk and the available alternatives for mitigating risks.

The Company uses derivatives as part of its risk management program to mitigate variability associated with changing market values. Changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments are recorded in earnings unless the instruments are designated as cash flow hedges. The Company designates as cash flow hedges derivative financial instruments to hedge its risk exposure to fluctuations in natural gas prices and derivative financial instruments to hedge its risk exposure to fluctuations in the euro compared to the U.S. dollar.

The fair value of derivative instruments is determined based on industry-accepted valuation models using market observable inputs and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of all of the Company's derivative contracts as presented in the consolidated statements of financial position are determined based on present values and the discount rates used are adjusted for credit risk. The effective portion of the changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges is recorded in other comprehensive income. The spot element of forward contracts in the hedging relationships is recorded in other comprehensive income as the change in fair value of cash flow hedges. The change in the fair value of the forward element of forward contracts is recorded separately in other comprehensive income as the forward element excluded from the hedging relationships.

Until settled, the fair value of the derivative financial instruments will fluctuate based on changes in commodity prices or foreign currency exchange rates.

Natural gas forward contracts

The Company manages its exposure to changes in natural gas prices for a portion of its North American natural gas requirements by executing a number of fixed price forward contracts.

In the current quarter, the Company entered into a physical forward contract for the equivalent of approximately one-third of Geismar 3's natural gas requirements for delivery in 2023 to 2025 designated as a cash flow hedge to manage its exposure to changes in natural gas prices for the Geismar facilities. This is in addition to its existing forward contracts for the Geismar facilities designated as cash flow hedges. Natural gas is fungible across the Geismar site. The Company has also entered into physical forward contracts to manage its exposure to changes in natural gas prices for the Medicine Hat facility. The Company has designated contracts for the 2021 and 2022 periods as cash flow hedges. Other costs incurred to transport natural gas from the contracted delivery point, either Henry Hub or AECO, to the relevant production facility represent an insignificant portion of the overall underlying risk and are recognized as incurred outside of the hedging relationship.

As at September 30, 2019, the Company had outstanding forward contracts in North America designated as cash flow hedges with a notional amount of \$983 million (December 31, 2018 - \$426 million) and a net negative fair value of \$146.9 million (December 31, 2018 - negative fair value \$105.7 million), of which \$147.4 million is included in other long-term liabilities offset by \$0.5 million included in other assets.

Euro forward exchange contracts

The Company manages its foreign currency exposure to euro denominated sales by executing a number of forward contracts which it has designated as cash flow hedges for its highly probable forecast euro collections.

As at September 30, 2019, the Company had outstanding forward exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges to sell a notional amount of 25 million euros (December 31, 2018 - 45 million euros). The euro contracts had a positive fair value of \$1.2 million included in current assets (December 31, 2018 - positive fair value \$0.3 million included in current assets).

Fair value

The fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments as disclosed above are determined based on Bloomberg quoted market prices and confirmations received from counterparties, which are adjusted for credit risk.

The table below shows the nominal net cash flows for derivative hedging instruments, excluding credit risk adjustments, based upon contracted settlement dates. The amounts reflect the maturity profile of the hedging instruments and are subject to change based on the prevailing market rate at each of the future settlement dates. Financial asset derivative positions are held with investment-grade counterparties and therefore the settlement day risk exposure is considered to be negligible.

		Cash inflows (outflows) by term to maturity							
	1 year or less	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years		Total			
Natural gas forward contracts	(15,002)	(43,663)	(47,200)	(73,410)	\$	(179,275)			
Euro forward exchange contracts	1,213	_	_		\$	1,213			

The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments approximate their fair values, except as follows:

	September 30, 2019			2019
As at		Carrying Value		Fair Value
Long-term debt excluding deferred financing fees	\$	2,139,205	\$	2,150,021

Long-term debt consists of limited recourse debt facilities and unsecured notes. There is no publicly traded market for the limited recourse debt facilities. The fair value of the limited recourse debt facilities as disclosed on a recurring basis and categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy is estimated by reference to current market rates as at the reporting date. The fair value of the unsecured notes disclosed on a recurring basis and also categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy is estimated by reference to current market rates as at the reporting date. The fair value of the unsecured notes disclosed on a recurring basis and also categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy is estimated using quoted prices and yields as at the reporting date. The fair value of the Company's long term debt will fluctuate until maturity.

Quarterly History (unaudited)

	2019	Q3	Q2	Q1	2018	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
METHANOL SALES VOLUME									
(thousands of tonnes)									
Methanex-produced ¹	5,555	1,965	1,669	1,921	7,002	1,599	1,790	1,729	1,884
Purchased methanol	1,869	680	716	473	3,032	908	802	709	613
Commission sales ¹	724	179	216	329	1,174	245	279	329	321
	8,148	2,824	2,601	2,723	11,208	2,752	2,871	2,767	2,818
METHANOL PRODUCTION						·			
(thousands of tonnes)									
New Zealand	1,352	469	446	437	1,606	389	478	252	487
USA (Geismar)	1,449	514	530	405	2,078	527	520	518	513
Trinidad (Methanex interest)	1,287	474	384	429	1,702	448	353	442	459
Egypt (50% interest)	241	85	15	141	613	155	128	165	165
Canada (Medicine Hat)	459	149	155	155	600	160	144	143	153
Chile	677	146	290	241	612	206	112	128	166
	5,465	1,837	1,820	1,808	7,211	1,885	1,735	1,648	1,943
AVERAGE REALIZED METHANOL PRICE ²						·			
(\$/tonne)	309	272	326	331	405	401	413	405	402
(\$/gallon)	0.93	0.82	0.98	1.00	1.22	1.21	1.24	1.22	1.21
ADJUSTED EBITDA ³	430	90	146	194	1,071	197	293	275	306
PER SHARE INFORMATION ³ (\$ per common share attributable to Methanex shareholders)									
Adjusted net income (loss)	0.80	(0.27)	0.34	0.73	6.86	1.15	1.92	1.75	2.03
Basic net income (loss)	1.03	(0.13)	0.65	0.50	7.07	2.07	1.62	1.36	2.02
Diluted net income (loss)	0.88	(0.21)	0.51	0.50	6.92	1.68	1.61	1.36	2.00

¹ Methanex-produced methanol represents our equity share of volume produced at our facilities and excludes volume marketed on a commission basis related to the 36.9% of the Atlas facility and 50% of the Egypt facility that we do not own. Methanex-produced methanol includes any volume produced by Chile using natural gas supplied from Argentina under a tolling arrangement ("TollingVolume"). No TollingVolume has been produced in 2019. There were 20,000 MT of TollingVolume in the third quarter of 2018 and 108,000 MT of TollingVolume for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

² Average realized price is calculated as revenue, excluding commissions earned and the Egypt non-controlling interest share of revenue, but including an amount representing our share of Atlas revenue, divided by the total sales volume of Methanex-produced and purchased methanol, but excluding Tolling Volume.

³ All quarters presented for 2019 reflect the adoption of IFRS 16. Financial information in all comparative periods do not reflect the impact of IFRS 16. Refer to the Adoption of New Accounting Standards section on page 14.